Joshua Bible Quiz

15 questions. Choose the best answer for each question. The answer key is on the last pages.

Name _____ Date _____ Score / 15

1. Which key event demonstrates Israel's reliance on divine guidance in Joshua?

Ⓐ David's victory over Goliath
Ⓑ King Saul's anointing
Ⓒ Crossing the Jordan River
Ⓓ Building the temple

2. What is a key theological theme emphasized in Joshua?

Ⓐ The importance of kingship
Ⓑ God's faithfulness in fulfilling promises
Ⓒ Human strength above divine aid
Ⓓ The need for temple worship

3. What is the significance of the book of Joshua in biblical history?

Ⓐ It is a prophetic book
Ⓑ It marks the transition from wilderness wanderings to land possession
Ⓒ It predicts the coming of the Messiah
Ⓓ It contains the giving of the Law

4. What is the literary style of the book of Joshua primarily characterized by?

Ⓐ Poetry and songs
Ⓑ Apocalyptic visions
Ⓒ Proverbs and wisdom sayings
Ⓓ Historical narrative and conquest accounts

5. What was the central theme of the book of Joshua?

Ⓐ The building of the Temple
Ⓑ The Exodus from Egypt
Ⓒ The life of David
Ⓓ Conquest and settlement of Canaan

6. Who was the successor of Moses and led the Israelites into the Promised Land?

Ⓐ Joshua
Ⓑ Gideon
Ⓒ Samuel
Ⓓ Caleb

7. **Which two spies were sent to scout Jericho and were helped by Rahab?**

   Ⓐ Caleb and Achan
   Ⓑ Joshua and Caleb
   Ⓒ Two unnamed spies
   Ⓓ Joshua and Eleazar

8. **How does the book of Joshua illustrate the theme of obedience?**

   Ⓐ By ignoring God's commands
   Ⓑ By detailing their repeated disobedience
   Ⓒ By focusing solely on battles without any moral lessons
   Ⓓ By describing the Israelites' victory at Jericho following God's specific instructions

9. **Who hid the Israelite spies in Jericho and was rewarded for her faith?**

   Ⓐ Hannah
   Ⓑ Rahab
   Ⓒ Esther
   Ⓓ Deborah

10. **What was the significance of the covenant renewal at Shechem?**

    Ⓐ It reaffirmed Israel's commitment to serve God
    Ⓑ It was a military alliance
    Ⓒ It was a farewell to Joshua
    Ⓓ It marked the beginning of the conquest

11. **What is the geographical significance of Mount Ebal and Mount Gerizim in Joshua?**

    Ⓐ They were the locations of the final battles
    Ⓑ They marked the northern and southern borders
    Ⓒ They were sites of a covenant renewal ceremony
    Ⓓ They are the highest mountains in Israel

12. **How did the Israelites defeat the city of Jericho?**

    Ⓐ Sudden attack at night
    Ⓑ Siege and battering rams
    Ⓒ Neglected the city
    Ⓓ Miraculous march and trumpet blasts

13. **What cultural background influences the narratives in Joshua?**

    Ⓐ Ancient Near Eastern warfare and treaties
    Ⓑ Greek philosophy
    Ⓒ Roman law
    Ⓓ Egyptian religious practices

14. What is a unique literary feature of the book of Joshua?

Ⓐ It contains a series of speeches and covenant renewals
Ⓑ It is written entirely in poetry
Ⓒ It is a collection of psalms
Ⓓ It includes detailed genealogies

15. What is a unique feature of the book of Joshua compared to other Old Testament books?

Ⓐ Presence of detailed genealogies
Ⓑ Focus on conquest and land allocation
Ⓒ Prophetic visions
Ⓓ Poetry and psalms

Answer key: Joshua Bible Quiz

Each answer has a short explanation and the Bible passage to read.

1. **C. Crossing the Jordan River**

The miraculous crossing of the Jordan River signifies divine guidance and support (Joshua 3-4).

2. **B. God's faithfulness in fulfilling promises**

Joshua highlights God's faithfulness to His promises to Abraham and Israel (Joshua 21:45).

3. **B. It marks the transition from wilderness wanderings to land possession**

Joshua narrates the Israelites' entrance into Canaan, transitioning from wandering to settlement (Joshua 1-24).

4. **D. Historical narrative and conquest accounts**

Joshua is primarily a historical narrative recounting the conquest and settlement of Canaan (Joshua 1-24).

5. **D. Conquest and settlement of Canaan**

Joshua primarily details the Israelites' conquest of Canaan and their settlement in the Promised Land (Joshua 1-24).

6. **A. Joshua**

Joshua was appointed by God to succeed Moses and lead the Israelites into Canaan (Joshua 1:1-9).

7. **C. Two unnamed spies**

Two spies were sent to Jericho, and Rahab hid them, helping to protect them (Joshua 2).

8. **D. By describing the Israelites' victory at Jericho following God's specific instructions**

The conquest of Jericho underscores the importance of obedience to God's instructions for victory (Joshua 6).

9. **B. Rahab**

Rahab hid the spies and helped them escape, and she and her family were spared during the fall of Jericho (Joshua 2:1-21; 6:17-25).

10. **A. It reaffirmed Israel's commitment to serve God**

The renewal of the covenant at Shechem was a solemn commitment to follow God's law (Joshua 24).

11. **C. They were sites of a covenant renewal ceremony**

Joshua 8:30-35 describes the renewal of the covenant on Mount Ebal and Mount Gerizim.

12. **D. Miraculous march and trumpet blasts**

The Israelites marched around Jericho for seven days, blowing trumpets, and the walls fell down by God's power (Joshua 6).

13. **A. Ancient Near Eastern warfare and treaties**

The conquest narratives reflect customs, warfare, and treaty practices common in the Ancient Near East (Joshua 9).

14. **A. It contains a series of speeches and covenant renewals**

Joshua features several speeches by Joshua and covenant renewal ceremonies, emphasizing obedience (Joshua 23-24).

15. **B. Focus on conquest and land allocation**

Joshua uniquely emphasizes military conquest, land division, and settlement of the Israelites in Canaan.

Want more? Play thousands of questions free in the Kingdom Bible Quiz app, or take this quiz and many more online at **kingdombiblequiz.com**.