Habakkuk Bible Quiz

15 questions. Choose the best answer for each question. The answer key is on the last pages.

Name _____ Date _____ Score / 15

1. What famous verse about faith appears in Habakkuk?

Ⓐ Faith comes by hearing
Ⓑ Faith without works is dead
Ⓒ Have faith as a mustard seed
Ⓓ The just shall live by his faith

2. Where does Habakkuk position himself to wait for God's answer?

Ⓐ On his watch tower
Ⓑ In the temple
Ⓒ In the wilderness
Ⓓ In his house

3. In Habakkuk, what does the prophet identify as the reason for rejoicing in the Lord?

Ⓐ Because of military victories
Ⓑ Because the Lord is his strength and salvation
Ⓒ Because of political stability
Ⓓ Because of material wealth

4. Despite potential loss of crops and livestock, what does Habakkuk declare?

Ⓐ I will give up on faith completely
Ⓑ I will complain until things improve
Ⓒ Yet I will rejoice in the Lord and joy in the God of my salvation
Ⓓ I will look for another god

5. What literary style is prominent in the book of Habakkuk?

Ⓐ Poetry and dialogue
Ⓑ Parables and allegories
Ⓒ Genealogies
Ⓓ Historical narrative

6. How does Habakkuk describe what God will do to his feet?

Ⓐ He will slow me down for safety
Ⓑ He will make me crawl humbly
Ⓒ He will keep me on level ground
Ⓓ He will make my feet like deer's feet and make me walk on high hills

7. How does Habakkuk begin his prayer in chapter 3?

Ⓐ O Lord, I don't understand Your ways
Ⓑ O Lord, I am angry with Your decisions
Ⓒ O Lord, I have heard Your speech and was afraid
Ⓓ O Lord, please change Your mind

8. Which literary style is prominent in Habakkuk, especially in chapter 3?

Ⓐ Proverbial sayings
Ⓑ Parables
Ⓒ Historical narrative
Ⓓ Poetry and psalm-like prayer

9. How does God answer Habakkuk's first complaint?

Ⓐ I am raising up the Babylonians to execute judgment
Ⓑ I will ignore the situation
Ⓒ I will immediately fix all problems
Ⓓ I will send more prophets to preach

10. What is Habakkuk's main complaint to God at the beginning of his prophecy?

Ⓐ Why don't You bless Israel more
Ⓑ Why don't You destroy our enemies immediately
Ⓒ Why don't You give us more prosperity
Ⓓ Why do You not hear when I cry about violence and injustice

11. What does Habakkuk say about idols?

Ⓐ What profit is the image that its maker should trust in it
Ⓑ Some idols are better than others
Ⓒ Idols represent different aspects of God
Ⓓ Idols are helpful for religious practice

12. Which nation does Habakkuk mention as being more wicked than Judah?

Ⓐ Assyria
Ⓑ Egypt
Ⓒ Persia
Ⓓ Babylon

13. What does Habakkuk describe God doing to the mountains?

Ⓐ The mountains provided shelter
Ⓑ The everlasting mountains were scattered
Ⓒ The mountains became fertile
Ⓓ The mountains grew taller

14. How does Habakkuk's book connect to the broader biblical theme of faith and trust?

Ⓐ It shows a dialogue with God about justice and trusting His plan
Ⓑ It highlights the importance of blind obedience
Ⓒ It advocates for military resistance
Ⓓ It emphasizes strict adherence to law

15. How does Habakkuk respond to God's plan to use Babylon as a tool of judgment?

Ⓐ He questions God's justice
Ⓑ He remains silent
Ⓒ He prays for Babylon's destruction
Ⓓ He immediately praises God

Answer key: Habakkuk Bible Quiz

Each answer has a short explanation and the Bible passage to read.

1. **D. The just shall live by his faith**

Habakkuk 2:4 contains this foundational verse about the righteous living by faith, quoted multiple times in the New Testament.

2. **A. On his watch tower**

Habakkuk 2:1 describes the prophet standing on his watch tower to see what God will say to him.

3. **B. Because the Lord is his strength and salvation**

Habakkuk 3:19 states, 'The Lord God is my strength,' highlighting trust and joy in God's salvation regardless of circumstances.

4. **C. Yet I will rejoice in the Lord and joy in the God of my salvation**

Habakkuk 3:18 contains this famous declaration of faith despite circumstances, choosing to rejoice in God regardless of material loss.

5. **A. Poetry and dialogue**

Habakkuk is composed largely of poetic dialogues between the prophet and God, characterized by expressive lament and praise (Habakkuk 1-3).

6. **D. He will make my feet like deer's feet and make me walk on high hills**

Habakkuk 3:19 concludes with this metaphor of God giving the prophet sure-footed strength like deer to walk on high places.

7. **C. O Lord, I have heard Your speech and was afraid**

Habakkuk 3:2 begins the prophet's prayer expressing fear and awe at God's word and reputation.

8. **D. Poetry and psalm-like prayer**

Habakkuk 3 is written in poetic form, resembling a psalm, with vivid imagery and rhythmic structure.

9. **A. I am raising up the Babylonians to execute judgment**

Habakkuk 1:6 reveals God's plan to raise up the Chaldeans (Babylonians) as His instrument of judgment.

10. **D. Why do You not hear when I cry about violence and injustice**

Habakkuk 1:2-3 records the prophet's complaint about God not responding to cries about violence and injustice in Judah.

11. **A. What profit is the image that its maker should trust in it**

Habakkuk 2:18 questions the value of idols, emphasizing their worthlessness as objects of trust.

12. **D. Babylon**

Habakkuk 1:6-11 describes Babylon as a ruthless and impetuous nation used by God to punish Judah.

13. **B. The everlasting mountains were scattered**

Habakkuk 3:6 describes God's awesome power as scattering the everlasting mountains and making the perpetual hills bow.

14. **A. It shows a dialogue with God about justice and trusting His plan**

Habakkuk uniquely presents a prophetic dialogue where faith and trust in God's sovereignty are central themes, especially in Habakkuk 2:4.

15. **A. He questions God's justice**

Habakkuk 1:12-17 shows Habakkuk questioning how a holy God can use a more wicked nation to punish others, reflecting his concern about divine justice.

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