Ezekiel Bible Quiz

15 questions. Choose the best answer for each question. The answer key is on the last pages.

Name _____ Date _____ Score / 15

1. Who was Ezekiel's father?

Ⓐ Buzi
Ⓑ Hosea
Ⓒ Jeremiah
Ⓓ Isaiah

2. In Ezekiel, what does the figure of the 'son of man' primarily refer to?

Ⓐ A divine angel
Ⓑ Ezekiel himself
Ⓒ God's messianic figure
Ⓓ A human representative

3. What is the main message conveyed by Ezekiel about individual responsibility?

Ⓐ Only priests are accountable
Ⓑ People are responsible for their own sins
Ⓒ The nation's sins are inherited
Ⓓ Responsibility is determined by birth

4. What is the main theological theme of Ezekiel?

Ⓐ The fall of Satan
Ⓑ The coming of the Messiah
Ⓒ God's judgment and restoration
Ⓓ The law of Moses

5. What occupation did Ezekiel have before becoming a prophet?

Ⓐ Priest
Ⓑ Carpenter
Ⓒ Scribe
Ⓓ Farmer

6. What is the main theme of Ezekiel's prophecies about judgment and restoration?

Ⓐ The Messiah's birth
Ⓑ God's wrath and mercy
Ⓒ The conquest of nations
Ⓓ The end times

7. Who was Ezekiel's primary audience during his prophetic ministry?

Ⓐ The Israelites in Jerusalem
Ⓑ The exiled Israelites in Babylon
Ⓒ The Philistines
Ⓓ The Egyptians

8. **What is the significance of the 'valley of dry bones' in Ezekiel?**
   - Ⓐ Destruction of Edom
   - Ⓑ Prophecy against Nineveh
   - Ⓒ Judgment of Egypt
   - Ⓓ Restoration of Israel

9. **What cultural background influences Ezekiel's prophetic messages?**
   - Ⓐ Egyptian
   - Ⓑ Persian
   - Ⓒ Babylonian
   - Ⓓ Assyrian

10. **What message does Ezekiel deliver about the fate of Jerusalem's leaders?**
   - Ⓐ They will escape destruction
   - Ⓑ They will be honored
   - Ⓒ They will lead Israel to peace
   - Ⓓ They will be judged and punished

11. **What is a unique aspect of Ezekiel's prophetic acts compared to other prophets?**
   - Ⓐ Use of symbolic acts
   - Ⓑ Writing long epistles
   - Ⓒ Performing miracles
   - Ⓓ Singing psalms

12. **What is the significance of the 'watchman' metaphor in Ezekiel 33?**
   - Ⓐ A prophecy about kings
   - Ⓑ A call to worship
   - Ⓒ A reminder of God's past deeds
   - Ⓓ A warning to Israel

13. **What is a recurring theme in Ezekiel concerning the temple?**
   - Ⓐ The building of a new city
   - Ⓑ The prohibition of sacrifice
   - Ⓒ Its destruction and future restoration
   - Ⓓ Its role in establishing the new covenant

14. **What extraordinary vision does Ezekiel see in Ezekiel 1?**
   - Ⓐ A chariot with living creatures and wheels
   - Ⓑ The River of Life
   - Ⓒ The New Jerusalem
   - Ⓓ The Valley of Dry Bones

15. What is the significance of the prophet's vision of the chariot in Ezekiel 1?

Ⓐ It depicts God's throne and glory

Ⓑ It symbolizes the end times

Ⓒ It shows Ezekiel's personal journey

Ⓓ It predicts a future war

Answer key: Ezekiel Bible Quiz

Each answer has a short explanation and the Bible passage to read.

1. **A. Buzi**

Ezekiel's father was Buzi, as mentioned in Ezekiel 1:3.

2. **B. Ezekiel himself**

The phrase 'son of man' is used repeatedly to refer to Ezekiel, emphasizing his human nature in contrast to divine visions (Ezekiel 2:1).

3. **B. People are responsible for their own sins**

Ezekiel emphasizes personal accountability, notably in Ezekiel 18, where individuals are judged for their own actions.

4. **C. God's judgment and restoration**

Ezekiel emphasizes God's judgment on sin and His ultimate plan to restore His people (Ezekiel 18:20-32; 36:24-28).

5. **A. Priest**

Ezekiel was a priest from the lineage of Zadok before his prophetic call (Ezekiel 1:3).

6. **B. God's wrath and mercy**

Ezekiel emphasizes God's judgment on sin and His promise of restoration for Israel (Ezekiel 20, 36).

7. **B. The exiled Israelites in Babylon**

Ezekiel prophesied to the Israelites in Babylonian exile, as seen in Ezekiel 1:1-3.

8. **D. Restoration of Israel**

Ezekiel 37 depicts the valley of dry bones as a symbol of Israel’s spiritual and national revival.

9. **C. Babylonian**

Ezekiel prophesied during the Babylonian exile, and his messages reflect the Babylonian cultural and political context (Ezekiel 1–3).

10. **D. They will be judged and punished**

Ezekiel prophesies judgment against Israel’s leaders for their sins (Ezekiel 22).

11. **A. Use of symbolic acts**

Ezekiel performed many symbolic acts, such as lying on his side and shaving his hair, to convey messages (Ezekiel 4–5).

12. **D. A warning to Israel**
Ezekiel 33 describes the prophet as a watchman who warns Israel of impending judgment if they do not repent.

13. **C. Its destruction and future restoration**
Ezekiel 40-48 contains detailed visions of a future temple and its significance in Israel’s restoration.

14. **A. A chariot with living creatures and wheels**
Ezekiel 1 describes his vision of the divine chariot with four living creatures and wheels, symbolizing God's throne and glory.

15. **A. It depicts God's throne and glory**
Ezekiel's vision of the chariot (the 'Merkavah') represents God's divine throne and glory (Ezekiel 1).

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