Amos Bible Quiz

15 questions. Choose the best answer for each question. The answer key is on the last pages.

Name _____ Date _____ Score / 15

1. What famous phrase does Amos use to describe what God desires instead of empty worship?

Ⓐ Let love cover a multitude of sins
Ⓑ Let justice roll down like waters and righteousness like a mighty stream
Ⓒ Let faith move mountains and change hearts
Ⓓ Let mercy triumph over judgment in all things

2. What was Amos's occupation before God called him to prophesy?

Ⓐ A priest in the temple
Ⓑ A scribe and teacher
Ⓒ A merchant and trader
Ⓓ A shepherd and tender of sycamore fruit

3. Who was the prophet called by God to deliver His message to Israel in the book of Amos?

Ⓐ Elijah
Ⓑ Jonah
Ⓒ Isaiah
Ⓓ Amos

4. Amos predicts the destruction of which city as a consequence of Israel's sins?

Ⓐ Nineveh
Ⓑ Samaria
Ⓒ Jerusalem
Ⓓ Babylon

5. Which nation is primarily the target of Amos's prophecies?

Ⓐ Babylon
Ⓑ Judah
Ⓒ Israel (Northern Kingdom)
Ⓓ Egypt

6. In Amos, which nation is primarily condemned for its violence and oppression?

Ⓐ Judah
Ⓑ Babylon
Ⓒ Israel
Ⓓ Assyria

7. **What is the key covenant theme emphasized in Amos?**
   - Ⓐ Justice and righteousness
   - Ⓑ Ancestor worship
   - Ⓒ Faith alone
   - Ⓓ Obedience to the Law

8. **Which historical context best explains the messages in Amos?**
   - Ⓐ The prosperous reign of Jeroboam II
   - Ⓑ The Babylonian captivity
   - Ⓒ The exile of Judah
   - Ⓓ The Assyrian invasion of Egypt

9. **According to Amos, what does God hate regarding Israel's religious festivals?**
   - Ⓐ He prefers different types of sacrifices
   - Ⓑ He despises their feast days because their hearts are not right
   - Ⓒ He wants them to invite other nations
   - Ⓓ He wants them to celebrate more festivals

10. **What is the significance of the 'Day of the Lord' in Amos?**
    - Ⓐ A day of judgment against Israel
    - Ⓑ A day of fasting
    - Ⓒ A day of peace
    - Ⓓ A day of celebration

11. **What is the primary theme of the book of Amos?**
    - Ⓐ Judgment and social justice
    - Ⓑ Love and mercy
    - Ⓒ Faith and salvation
    - Ⓓ Wisdom and poetry

12. **How does the book of Amos conclude regarding Israel's future?**
    - Ⓐ With immediate prosperity for the righteous
    - Ⓑ With complete destruction and no hope
    - Ⓒ With promises of restoration and return from exile
    - Ⓓ With judgment on other nations only

13. **What literary style is most characteristic of the book of Amos?**
    - Ⓐ Historical narrative
    - Ⓑ Poetry and vivid imagery
    - Ⓒ Genealogies
    - Ⓓ Parables

14. What vision does Amos describe of God standing beside an altar?

Ⓐ God commanding that the temple be struck so that the pillars shake

Ⓑ God calling for more faithful worshippers

Ⓒ God blessing the priests with special anointing

Ⓓ God accepting the sacrifices with fire from heaven

15. Which geographical region is NOT explicitly mentioned in the book of Amos?

Ⓐ Damascus

Ⓑ Tekoa

Ⓒ Bethel

Ⓓ Jericho

Answer key: Amos Bible Quiz

Each answer has a short explanation and the Bible passage to read.

1. **B. Let justice roll down like waters and righteousness like a mighty stream**
Amos 5:24 contains this famous call for justice and righteousness instead of ritual without substance.

2. **D. A shepherd and tender of sycamore fruit**
Amos 7:14 describes Amos as a shepherd and a tender of sycamore fruit, not a professional prophet.

3. **D. Amos**
Amos was a shepherd and fig tree farmer called by God to prophesy against Israel (Amos 1:1).

4. **B. Samaria**
Amos prophesies the fall of Samaria, the capital of Israel, due to its injustice (Amos 3:9-11).

5. **C. Israel (Northern Kingdom)**
Amos prophesied mainly against the northern kingdom of Israel, warning of impending judgment (Amos 7:10-17).

6. **C. Israel**
Amos prophesies against the northern kingdom of Israel for its social injustice and idolatry (Amos 2:6-8).

7. **A. Justice and righteousness**
Amos emphasizes that true covenant obedience involves justice and righteousness (Amos 5:21-24).

8. **A. The prosperous reign of Jeroboam II**
Amos prophesies during Jeroboam II’s reign, a time of economic prosperity but social injustice (Amos 1:1).

9. **B. He despises their feast days because their hearts are not right**
Amos 5:21 records God saying 'I hate, I despise your feast days' due to their lack of justice and righteousness.

10. **A. A day of judgment against Israel**
Amos warns that the 'Day of the Lord' will be a time of darkness and judgment (Amos 5:18-20).

11. **A. Judgment and social justice**
Amos emphasizes God's judgment against Israel's social injustice and religious hypocrisy (Amos 2:6-7).

12. **C. With promises of restoration and return from exile**

Amos 9:11-15 concludes with hopeful promises of restoration, rebuilding, and return to the land.

13. **B. Poetry and vivid imagery**

Amos contains poetic oracles, vivid metaphors, and imagery to convey messages (Amos 5:24; 8:1-3).

14. **A. God commanding that the temple be struck so that the pillars shake**

Amos 9:1 describes this vision of judgment where God commands the striking of the temple until the pillars shake.

15. **D. Jericho**

Amos mentions Tekoa (Amos 1:1), Bethel, Damascus, and other locations, but not Jericho.

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